

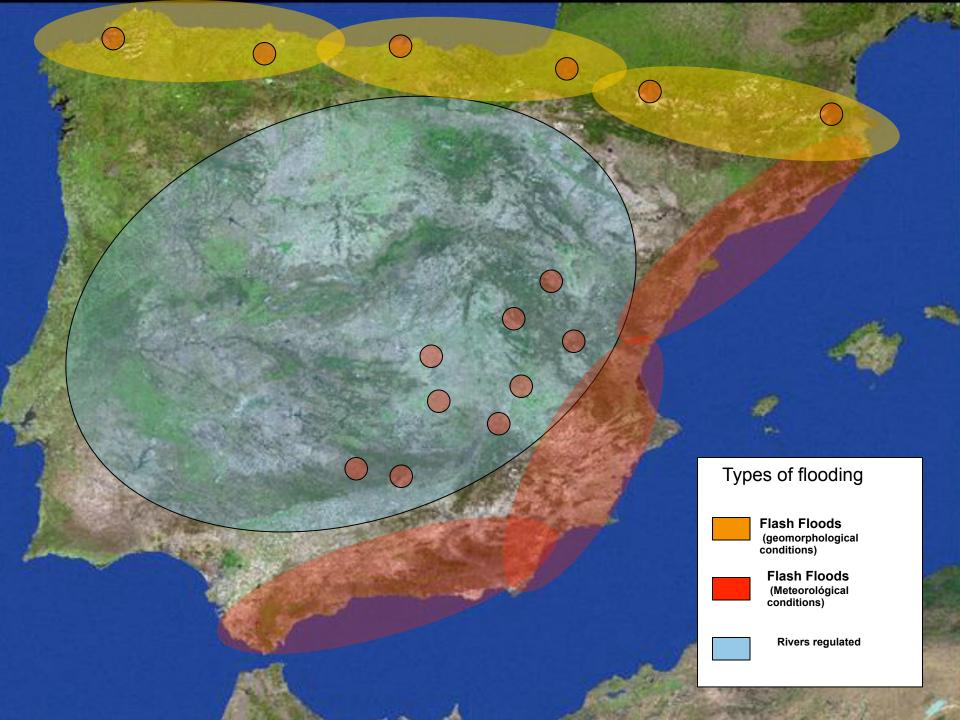
INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON FORECASTING RAINFALL INDUCED HAZARDS AT EUROPEAN SCALE

Case Study of the floods of September 2012: Test of the HAREN products by the Spanish Civil Protection



Emergency Response Center 4th June 2013

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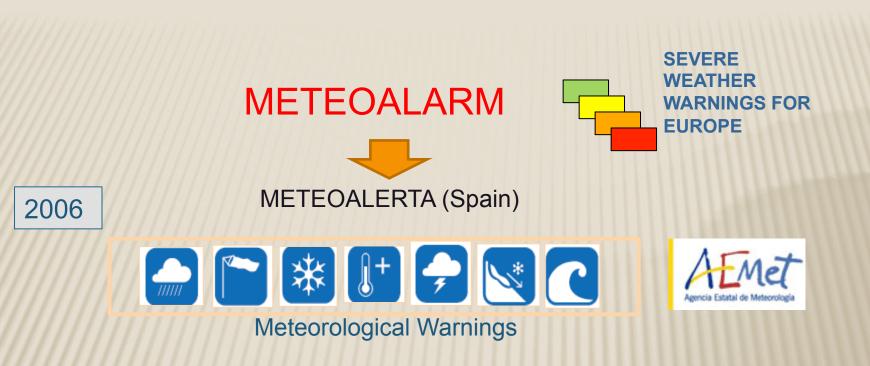


Año	Localización	Daños
1963	Murcia-Almería	Big Damages . 300 Casualties
1971	Cataluña	26 Casualties.
1973	Sureste	Big Damages. 300 Casualties.
1982	Levante	2000 mill € losses. 38 Casualties.
1983	País Vasco	1000 mill € losses. 40 Casualties.
1989	Málaga	1300 mill € losses. 2 Casualties.
1996	Biescas (Huesca)	87 Casualties
1997	Badajoz	22 Casualties
2000	Cataluña, Murcia, Valencia, Aragón	13 Casualties
2012	Almería/Murcia	14 Casualties

The total of casualties for the period 2000-2012: 131

FLASH FLOODS

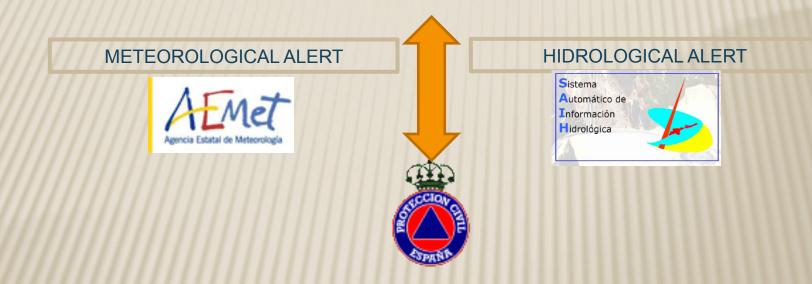
The majority due to carelessness: crossing watercourse and being dragged.



- Define with accuracy of the thresholds
- Delimit the territory merging counties with climatic conditions and using the experience of past events
- Shorten the gap between the meteorological warning issue and the Civil Protection making decisions.

The National Civil Protection Flood Plan

PROCEDURES

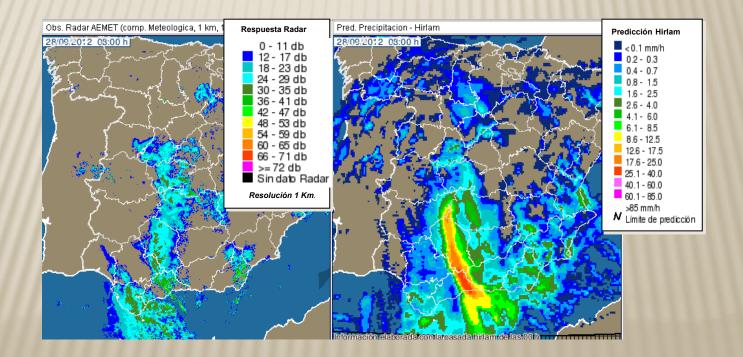


PROCEDURE defining forecast (accuracy) through threshold of risk, the uncertainties, the communication...

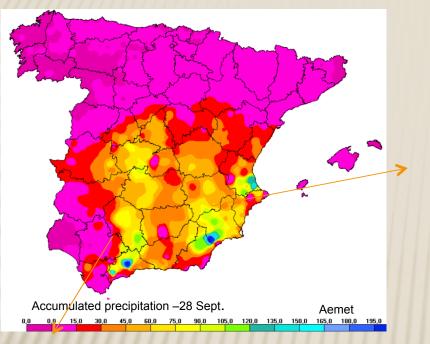
A special monitoring of the phenomena that can evolve to heavy or very strong thunderstorms have to be done in order to define a quick response in the Civil Protection Authorities.

Case Study of the floods of September 2012





Case Study of the floods of September 2012



Almería – Murcia 12:00 – 18:00 (28/09/2012) Puerto Lumbreras :220 mm accumulated in 12 h and 120 mm in 1h.

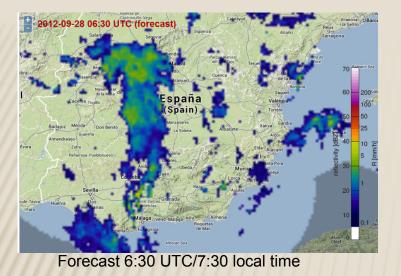
Lorca : 150 mm accumulated in 12 h and 68 mm in 1 h.



Málaga – 7:30 – 9:30 (28/09/2012) Alora: 210,6 mm accumulated in 12h and 85,4 mm in 1h.

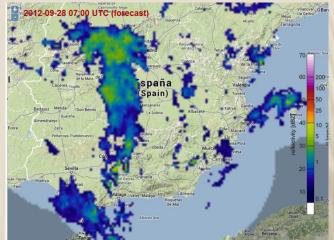
- 13 casualties
- Consequences
- Evacuation of thousands of people
- Overflowing of rivers and watercourses
- Damages in cars, houses, bridges, roads
- casualties in livestock

Flash flood in a river gauging station in the Segura basin





Forecast 7:30 UTC/8:30 local time



Forecast 7:00 UTC/8:00 local time



Forecast 8:00 UTC/9:00 local time

Forecast from 4:00

Monitoring with HAREN for Málaga -



Forecast 6:30 UTC/7:30 local time



Forecast 7:30 UTC/8:30 local time



Forecast 7:00 UTC/8:00 local time



Forecast 8:00 UTC/9:00 local time

Forecast from 5:00

Monitoring with HAREN for Málaga -

Comparing forecast – real data





Real Data7:00 UTC/8:00 local time



Forecast 7:00 UTC/8:00 local time



Comparing forecast – real data



Forecast 8:00 UTC/9:00 local time



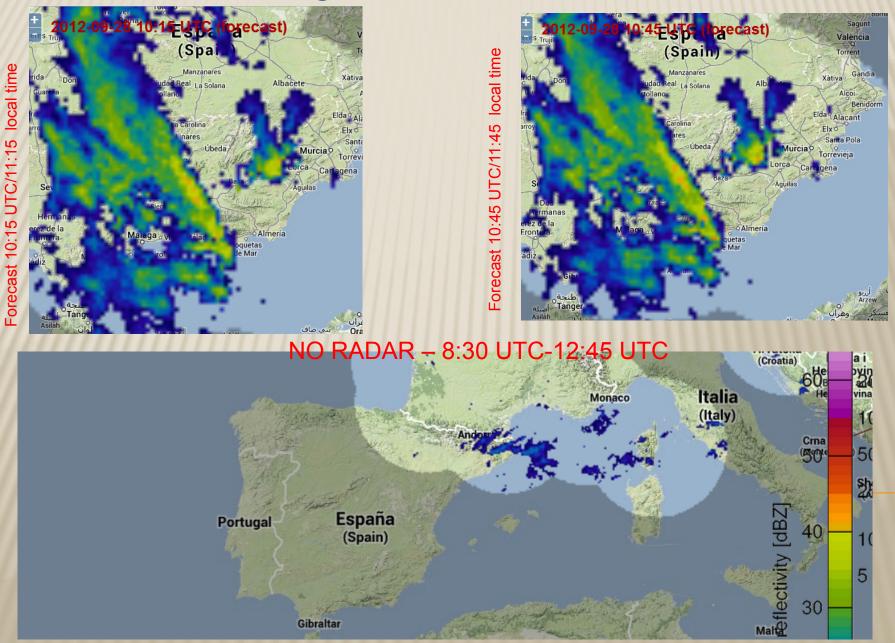
Real Data 7:30 UTC/8:30 local time



Real Data 8:00 UTC/9:00 local time



Monitoring with HAREN for Murcia -



CONCLUSIONS

- Forecast rapidly growing weather phenomena such as severe thunderstorms.
- Increase the numbers of radars in flood prone areas
- Use different radars with better calibration and sensitivity and trying to avoid or mitigate the radar echoes.
- Continuity of the radars



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION